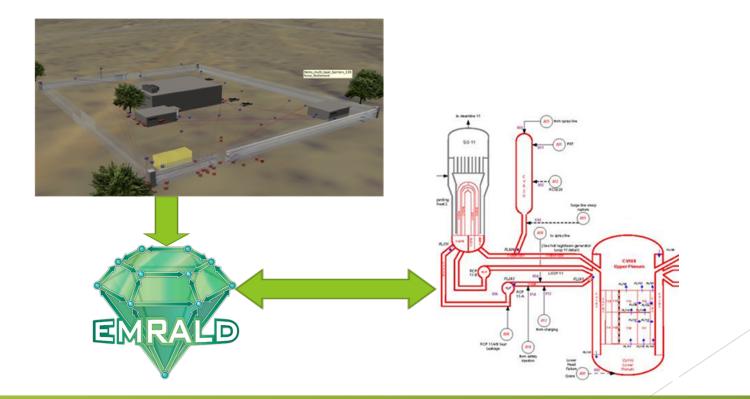




Palo Verde Risk Informing Physical Security Program Changes with EMRALD





Simulation Process Results

Reviewed scenarios, for all that would benefit from manual TDP operation or Protection Pump.

- ~50% of scenarios benefited
- Developed exaggerated scenarios for each. (Average 41.3% adversary success)
- Average 12.5% adversary success with added protection strategy
 - ▶ Research resulted in opportunity for a 29% margin for post reduction or operational flexibility
- Performed reduction process

Response force posts reduced by ~20%

Operational Impact

- ▶ No change in equipment tie-in locations for FLEX
 - ▶ B.5.b locations would require additional analysis, guidance, equipment
- Purchase identical equipment to FLEX
- Minimal administrative changes to Abnormal Operating Procedure (AOP) for security events
- Additional risk margin can be gained by maximizing SG level before and/or after trip
 - ▶ No evaluation currently in progress for higher pre-trip/post-trip SG level or higher feedrates
- ► No change to credited operator actions during the security event (before the "all-clear")
 - Potential B.5.b connection guidance needed
- ► Fire water for SG makeup via B.5.b not a viable option for Palo Verde -Equipment outside Protected Area

Palo Verde Cost Estimates for Increased Margin

- Two "Security Pumps" for SG Makeup \$500K
- New Bullet Resistant Enclosure for "Security Pumps" \$500K
- Yearly PM cost for new SG Makeup Pumps \$50K
- Cost of Operator Training and Procedure changes expected to be minimal due to leveraging existing guidance for "FLEX" SG Makeup Pumps.
- Estimated time to recoup initial and ongoing investment is conservatively estimated to be 1-2 years.

Questions?

